ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

December 31, 2021



WEALTH ADVISORY | OUTSOURCING AUDIT, TAX, AND CONSULTING

DECEMBER 31, 2021

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DECEMBER 31, 2021

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#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

Town Board
Town of Neenah
Winnebago County, Wisconsin

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Neenah, Winnebago County (the Town), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash-basis financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town, as of December 31, 2021, and the respective changes in modified cash-basis financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting as described in Note 1.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Town, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Emphasis of Matter - Basis for Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1.C. of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1.C, and for determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



#### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
  appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
  Town's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Report on Summarized Comparative Information

We have previously audited the Town's 2020 financial statements, and we expressed unmodified opinions on the respective modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information in our report dated March 15, 2021. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit for the year ended December 31, 2021 was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. The schedule of general fund budgeted and actual revenues collected – modified cash basis and the schedule of general fund budgeted and actual expenditures paid – modified cash basis for the year ended December 31, 2021 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021 and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the schedule of general fund budgeted and actual revenues collected – modified cash basis and the schedule of general fund budgeted and actual expenditures paid – modified cash basis are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended December 31, 2021.

We also previously audited, in accordance with GAAS, the basic financial statements of the Town as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020 (not presented herein), and have issued our report thereon dated March 15, 2021 which contained unmodified opinions on the respective modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information. The schedule of general fund budgeted and actual revenues collected – modified cash basis and the schedule of general fund budgeted and actual expenditures – cash basis paid for the year ended December 31, 2020 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2020 financial statements. The information was subjected to the audit procedures applied in the audit of the 2020 basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare those financial statements or to those financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the 2020 schedule of general fund budgeted and actual revenues collected – modified cash basis and the schedule of general fund budgeted and actual expenditures paid – modified cash basis are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended December 31, 2020.

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) – Wisconsin Retirement System, the Schedule of Contributions – Wisconsin Retirement System, and the notes therein but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 4, 2022, on our consideration of the Town's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Sheboygan, Wisconsin May 4, 2022

### BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS DECEMBER 31, 2021 WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Gov	vernmental	Bus	iness-type	То	tals	
		Activities		ctivities	2021		2020
ASSETS Cash and investments Internal balances Restricted assets	\$	1,745,514 3,814	\$	719,732 (3,814)	\$ 2,465,246	\$	1,836,633
Cash and investments		30,752			 30,752		17,199
Total assets		1,780,080		715,918	2,495,998		1,853,832
<b>LIABILITIES</b> Property taxes and special charges collected for subsequent year Special deposits Unearned revenues		297,931 20,000 184,583		152,469 - -	 450,400 20,000 184,583		524,643 22,536 -
Total liabilities		502,514		152,469	654,983		547,179
NET POSITION  Restricted  Park expenditures		5,510		-	5,510		2,608
Fire department expenditures Unrestricted		25,242 1,246,814		563,449	25,242 1,810,263		14,591 1,289,454
Total net position	\$	1.277.566	\$	563,449	\$ 1.841.015	\$	1.306.653

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

					Prog	ram Revenue	ıs.	
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capita a	I Grants Ind ibutions
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES								
General government	\$	332,807	\$	83,099	\$	-	\$	-
Public safety		153,595		28,858		44,379		-
Public works		475,660		270,214		100,604		-
Health and human services		120		-		-		-
Culture and recreation		109,771		2,525		-		-
Conservation and development		5,438		-		-		-
Principal and interest on long-term debt		109,618						-
Total governmental activities		1,187,009		384,696		144,983		_
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES								
Stormwater Utility District		152,430		411,994				-
Total	\$	1,339,439	\$	796,690	\$	144,983	\$	-
	Ta:   	eral revenues xes Property taxes Other taxes deral and stat not restricted erest and inve scellaneous oceeds from le	e grant to spec estment	ific functions earnings		utions		
	Tota	general reve	nues					
	Char	nge in net po	sition					

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Net position - January 1

Net position - December 31

# Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position

Gove	ernmental	Busi	ness-type	Totals				
Ad	tivities		ctivities		2021		2020	
\$	(249,708)	\$	-	\$	(249,708)	\$	(405,293)	
	(80,358)		-		(80,358)		(114,940)	
	(104,842)		-		(104,842)		(287,786)	
	(120)		-		(120)		(485)	
	(107,246)		-		(107,246)		(483,102)	
	(5,438)		-		(5,438)		(4,980)	
	(109,618)				(109,618)		(204,878)	
	(657,330)		-		(657,330)		(1,501,464)	
					_			
			259,564		259,564		(577,428)	
	(657,330)		259,564		(397,766)		(2,078,892)	
	494,708		_		494,708		450,180	
	1,958		-		1,958		5,660	
	350,083				350,083		307,191	
	7,614		2,214		9,828		18,688	
	75,551		2,214		75,551		751,508	
	75,551		_		-		348,231	
							3 10/23 1	
	929,914		2,214		932,128		1,881,458	
	272,584		261,778		534,362		(197,434)	
	1,004,982		301,671		1,306,653		1,504,087	
\$	1,277,566	\$	563,449	\$	1,841,015	\$	1,306,653	

STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND FUND BALANCE GENERAL FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS DECEMBER 31, 2021 WITH COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2020

	General			
	2021		2020	
ASSETS Cash and investments Restricted cash and investments Due from other funds	\$ 1,745,514 30,752 3,814	\$	1,367,299 17,199 -	
Total assets	\$ 1,780,080	\$	1,384,498	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities				
Due to other funds Property taxes and special charges collected for subsequent year Special deposits Unearned revenues	\$ - 297,931 20,000 184,583	\$	2,734 354,246 22,536	
Total liabilities	 502,514		379,516	
Fund balance Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned	 30,752 30,508 - 1,216,306		89,785 68,104 321,402 525,691	
Total fund balance	 1,277,566		1,004,982	
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 1,780,080	\$	1,384,498	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GENERAL FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 WITH COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Ge	eneral
	2021	2020
REVENUES		
Taxes	\$ 496,658	\$ 455,832
Intergovernmental	470,577	509,553
Licenses and permits	49,561	56,308
Fines and forfeits	=	7,000
Public charges for services	275,694	216,484
Intergovernmental charges for services	58,312	45,000
Miscellaneous	108,791	806,515
Total revenues	1,459,593	2,096,692
EXPENDITURES		
Current		
General government	332,807	558,144
Public safety	153,595	209,155
Public works	475,660	606,580
Health and human services	120	485
Culture and recreation	109,771	483,982
Conservation and development	5,438	4,980
Debt service		
Principal	104,744	195,550
Interest and fiscal charges	4,874	9,328
Total expenditures	1,187,009	2,068,204
Excess of revenues over expenditures	272,584	28,488
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		
Long-term debt issued		348,231
Net change in fund balance	272,584	376,719
Fund balance - January 1	1,004,982	628,263
Fund balance - December 31	\$ 1,277,566	\$ 1,004,982

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	 Buo Original	lget	Final	2021 Actual	Fina F	/ariance al Budget - Positive legative)	2020 Actual
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$ 494,908	\$	494,908	\$ 496,658	\$	1,750	\$ 455,832
Intergovernmental	485,926		485,926	470,577		(15,349)	509,553
Licenses and permits	48,265		48,265	49,561		1,296	56,308
Public charges for services	268,778		268,778	275,694		6,916	216,484
Intergovernmental charges for services	53,000		53,000	58,312		5,312	45,000
Miscellaneous	 36,178		36,178	 108,791		72,613	 806,515
Total revenues	 1,387,055		1,387,055	1,459,593		72,538	2,096,692
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
General government	378,909		378,909	332,807		46,102	558,144
Public safety	162,086		162,086	153,595		8,491	209,155
Public works	564,548		564,548	475,660		88,888	606,580
Health and human services	200		200	120		80	485
Culture and recreation	114,426		114,426	109,771		4,655	483,982
Conservation and development	3,500		3,500	5,438		(1,938)	4,980
Debt service	40.4.7.4.4		10.17.11	10.17.1			105.550
Principal	104,744		104,744	104,744		_	195,550
Interest and fiscal charges	 4,874		4,874	 4,874			 9,328
Total expenditures	 1,333,287		1,333,287	 1,187,009		146,278	 2,068,204
Excess of revenues over							
expenditures	 53,768		53,768	 272,584		218,816	 28,488
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES							
Long-term debt issued	 			 			 348,231
Net change in fund balance	53,768		53,768	272,584		218,816	376,719
Fund balance - January 1	 1,004,982		1,004,982	1,004,982			 628,263
Fund balance - December 31	\$ 1,058,750	\$	1,058,750	\$ 1,277,566	\$	218,816	\$ 1,004,982

STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUND DECEMBER 31, 2021 WITH COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Stormwater Utility District						
	2021	2020					
ASSETS							
Cash and investments  Due from other funds	\$ 719,						
Due from other funds							
Total assets	719	732 472,068					
LIABILITIES							
Due to other funds	3	.814 -					
Special charges collected for subsequent year	152,	469 170,397					
Total liabilities	156,	283 170,397					
NET POSITION							
Unrestricted	\$ 563,	449 \$ 301,671					

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 WITH SUMMARIZED AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Storm Utility I			
	2021	2020		
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for services	\$ 411,994	\$ 415,212		
OPERATING EXPENSES Operation and maintenance Administration and general	11,188 	11,604 16,230		
Total operating expenses	32,331	27,834		
Operating income	379,663	387,378		
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest income Capital outlay	2,214 (120,099)	3,275 (964,806)		
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(117,885)	(961,531)		
Change in net position	261,778	(574,153)		
Net position - January 1	301,671	875,824		
Net position - December 31	\$ 563,449	\$ 301,671		

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
PROPRIETARY FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021
WITH COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Stormwater Utility District						
		2021		2020			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Cash received from customers  Cash paid for services provided  Cash paid for employee wages and benefits  Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	411,994 (41,879) (1,832) 368,283	\$	415,212 (30,758) (2,592) 381,862			
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition of capital assets		(120,099)		(964,806)			
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received		2,214		3,275			
Change in cash and cash equivalents		250,398		(579,669)			
Cash and cash equivalents - January 1		469,334		1,049,003			
Cash and cash equivalents - December 31	\$	719,732	\$	469,334			
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash cash provided by operating activities Due from other funds Due to other funds Specials collected for subsequent year	\$	379,663 2,734 3,814 (17,928)	\$	387,378 3,422 - (8,938)			
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	368,283	\$	381,862			
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents to the statement of net position Cash and cash equivalents in current assets  Noncash capital and related financing activities	<u></u> \$	719,732	\$	469,334			

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

None

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND DECEMBER 31, 2021 WITH COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Cu	stodial Fund
	2021	2020
ASSETS  Cash and investments	\$ 2,922,7	55 \$ 3,599,173
<b>LIABILITIES</b> Due to other governments	2,922,7	3,599,173
NET POSITION Restricted for other governments	\$	_ \$ _

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 WITH COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Custodial Fund			
	2021			2020
ADDITIONS Taxes and special charges collected	\$	7,650,144	\$	6,900,099
DEDUCTIONS Payments to other taxing districts		7,650,144		6,900,099
Change in net position				_
Net position - January 1				
Net position - December 31	\$	_	\$	_

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2021

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the Town of Neenah, Winnebago County, Wisconsin (the "Town"), have been prepared on a modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The significant accounting principles and policies utilized by the Town are described below:

#### A. REPORTING ENTITY

The Town is a municipal corporation governed by an elected five member board. In accordance with GAAP, the basic financial statements are required to include the Town and any separate component units that have a significant operational or financial relationship with the Town. The Town has identified the following component unit that is required to be included in the basic financial statements in accordance with standards.

#### **Blended Component Unit**

The following component unit is blended or included in the financial statements of the Town:

The Town of Neenah Stormwater Utility District is governed by the five member Town Board of Neenah. Although it is legally separate from the Town, the District is reported as if it were part of the primary government because the Town Board is serving as the government body of the component unit. The District provides stormwater services to the entire Town.

#### **B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Town. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which are primarily supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for services.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Governmental funds include the general fund. Proprietary funds include enterprise funds. The Town has no internal service funds. The major individual governmental fund and the major individual enterprise fund are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2021

The Town reports the following major governmental fund:

#### General Fund

This is the Town's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government.

The Town reports the following major enterprise fund:

#### Stormwater Utility District Fund

This fund accounts for the operations of the Town's stormwater utility district.

The Town also reports the following fiduciary fund:

#### **Custodial Fund**

The custodial fund accounts for property taxes and special charges collected on behalf of other governments.

#### C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The government-wide, fiduciary fund and governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified cash basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. The modified cash basis recognizes assets, liabilities, net position/fund balance, revenues, and expenditures when they result from cash transactions. This basis is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Under the modified cash basis of accounting, the Town recognizes revenues when received. As a result, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) are not recorded in the Town's basic financial statements. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues when received if all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Property taxes and grants received in advance of being earned or meeting eligibility requirements are reported as liabilities. Debt proceeds are recognized as other financing sources and general revenue when received. Additionally, capital assets such as property, equipment, and infrastructure are not capitalized or reported in the government-wide financial statements.

Under the modified cash basis of accounting, the Town generally records expenditures when paid, except for certain payroll withholdings. As a result, certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in the Town's basic financial statements. Additionally, long-term liabilities such as debt payable and compensated absences are not reported. Additional information on outstanding long-term debt is shown in Note 3.D.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, and fees and fines, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2021

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of the Town's proprietary fund is charges to customers for services. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the costs of services, administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources, as they are needed.

#### D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET POSITION OR FUND BALANCE

#### Cash and Investments

Cash and investments are combined in the financial statements. Cash deposits consist of demand and time deposits with financial institutions and are carried at cost. Investments are stated at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all cash deposits and highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less from date of acquisition are considered to be cash equivalents.

#### 2. Property Taxes and Special Charges

Property taxes and special charges consist of taxes on real estate and personal property and user charges assessed against Town properties. They are levied during December of the prior year and become an enforceable lien on property the following January 1. Property taxes are payable in various options depending on the type and amount. Personal property taxes and special charges are payable on or before January 31 in full. Real estate taxes are payable in full by January 31 or in two equal installments on or before January 31 and July 31. Real estate taxes not paid by January 31 are purchased by the County as part of the February tax settlement. Delinquent personal property taxes remain the collection responsibility of the Town. Special charges not paid by January 31 are held in trust by the County and remitted to the Town, including interest, when collected by the County.

In addition to its levy, the Town also levies taxes for the Neenah School District, Winnebago County, and Fox Valley Technical College. Property taxes and special charges collected on behalf of other taxing entities as of December 31, 2021 are reported as liabilities and paid in the subsequent year as part of the January tax settlement.

#### 3. Interfund Receivables and Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" and "due to other funds" in the fund financial statements.

The amount reported on the statement of net position for internal balances represents the residual balance outstanding between the governmental and business-type activities.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2021

#### 4. Long-term Obligations

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures. Because the Town uses the modified cash basis of accounting, principal payments are reported as expenditures in the statement of activities and no liability is reported on the statement of net position.

#### 5. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense (revenue), information about the fiduciary net position of the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) and additions to/deductions from WRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by WRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### 6. Fund Equity

#### Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance. Amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory, prepaid items, or long-term receivables) or are legally or contractually required to remain intact.
- ▶ **Restricted fund balance.** Amounts that are constrained for specific purposes by external parties (such as grantor or bondholders), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.
- ► Committed fund balance. Amounts that are constrained for specific purposes by action of the Town Board. These constraints can only be removed or changed by the Town Board using the same action that was used to create them.
- Assigned fund balance. Amounts that are constrained for specific purposes by action of Town management. The Town Board has not authorized an employee to assign fund balance.
- ▶ Unassigned fund balance. Amounts that are available for any purpose.

The Town has not adopted a fund balance spend-down policy regarding the order in which fund balance will be utilized. When a policy does not specify the spend-down policy, GASB Statement No. 54 indicates that restricted funds would be spent first, followed by committed funds, and then assigned funds. Unassigned funds would be spent last.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2021

#### Government-Wide and Proprietary Fund Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in two components:

- ▶ **Restricted net position.** Amount of net position that is subject to restrictions that are imposed by 1) external groups, such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- ▶ Unrestricted net position. Net position that is not classified as restricted.

#### NOTE 2: STEWARDSHIP AND COMPLIANCE

#### A. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The Town follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the basic financial statements:

- During November, the Town Board and officials prepare a proposed operating budget for the calendar year
  commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of
  financing them. After submission to the governing body, public hearings are held to obtain taxpayer comments.
   Following the public hearings, the proposed budget, including authorized additions and deletions, is legally enacted by
  Town Board action.
- 2. Budgets are adopted on a modified cash basis of accounting for the general fund. Budget is defined as the originally approved budget plus or minus approved amendments. Individual amendments throughout the year were not material in relation to the original budget. Budget appropriations not expended during the year are closed to fund balance unless authorized by the governing body to be forwarded into the succeeding year's budget.
- 3. During the year, formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device for the general fund.
- **4.** Expenditures may not exceed appropriations provided in budget accounts maintained for each functional area of the Town. Amendments to the budget during the year require initial approval by management and are subsequently authorized by the Town Board.
- **5.** Encumbrance accounting is not used by the Town to record commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services.

The Town did not have any material violation of legal or contractual provisions for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021.

#### **B. EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER BUDGET APPROPRIATIONS**

The following expenditure account of the general fund had actual expenditures in excess of budget appropriations for the year ended December 31, 2021 as follows:

F.,,

		excess
Fund	Ехре	enditures
General Fund:		
Conservation and Development	\$	1,938

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2021

#### C. PROPERTY TAX LEVY LIMIT

Wisconsin state statutes provide for a limit on the property tax levies for all Wisconsin cities, Towns, towns, and counties. For the 2021 and 2022 budget years, Wisconsin Statutes limit the increase in the maximum allowable tax levy to the change in the Town's January 1 equalized value as a result of net new construction. The actual limit for the Town for the 2021 budget was 0.83%. The actual limit for the Town for the 2022 budget was 1.03%. Debt service for debt authorized after July 1, 2005 is exempt from the levy limit. In addition, Wisconsin Statutes allow the limit to be adjusted for the increase in debt service authorized prior to July 1, 2005 and in certain other situations.

#### NOTE 3: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

#### A. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The Town maintains various cash and investment accounts, including pooled funds that are available for use by all funds. Each fund's portion of these accounts is displayed on the financial statements as "Cash and investments".

Invested cash consists of deposits and investments that are restricted by Wisconsin Statutes to the following:

Time deposits; repurchase agreements; securities issued by federal, state and local governmental entities; statutorily authorized commercial paper and corporate securities; and the Wisconsin local government investment pool.

The carrying amount of the Town's cash and investments totaled \$5,418,763 on December 31, 2021 as summarized below:

Petty cash and cash on hand	\$ 174
Deposits with financial institutions	 5,418,589
	\$ 5,418,763
Reconciliation to the basic financial statements:	
Government-wide Statement of Net Position	
Cash and investments	\$ 2,465,246
Restricted cash and investments	30,752
Fiduciary Fund Statement of Net Position	
Cash and investments	 2,922,765
	\$ 5,418,763

#### Fair Value Measurements

The Town categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The Town currently has no investments that are subject to fair value measurement.

Deposits and investments of the Town are subject to various risks. Presented below is a discussion of the Town's deposits and investments and the related risks.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2021

#### **Custodial Credit Risk**

Custodial credit risk for *deposits* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for *investments* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. Wisconsin Statutes require repurchase agreements to be fully collateralized by bonds or securities issued or guaranteed by the federal government or its instrumentalities. The Town does not have an additional custodial credit policy.

Deposits with financial institutio1ns within the State of Wisconsin are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) in the amount of \$250,000 for the combined amount of all time and savings deposits and \$250,000 for interest-bearing and noninterest-bearing demand deposits per official custodian per insured depository institution. Deposits with financial institutions located outside the State of Wisconsin are insured by the FDIC in the amount of \$250,000 for the combined amount of all deposit accounts per official custodian per depository institution. Deposits with credit unions are insured by the National Credit Union Share Insurance Fund (NCUSIF) in the amount of \$250,000 per credit union member. Also, the State of Wisconsin has a State Guarantee Fund which provides a maximum of \$400,000 per public depository above the amount provided by an agency of the U.S. Government. However, due to the relatively small size of the State Guarantee Fund in relation to the Fund's total coverage, total recovery of insured losses may not be available. This coverage has been considered in determining custodial credit risk.

As of December 31, 2021, \$4,392,045 of the Town's deposits with financial institutions were in excess of federal and state depository insurance limits. No amounts were collateralized. \$3,075,234 of the uninsured deposits are the result of advance tax collections that will be remitted to other local governmental units in January of 2022.

#### **B. RESTRICTED ASSETS**

Restricted assets on December 31, 2021 totaled \$30,652 and consisted of cash and investments held for the following purposes:

Funds	A	mount	Purpose Purpose
General Fund			
Park impact fees	\$	5,510	To account for the collection of park impact fees to be used for park expenditures
Fire department		25,242	To account for donations and fundraising proceeds to be used for fire department expenditures
Total	\$	30,752	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2021

#### C. INTERFUND RECEIVABLE AND PAYABLES

Interfund receivables and payables between individual funds of the Town, as reported in the fund financial statements, as of December 31, 2021 are detailed below:

	Interfund Receivables		Interfund Payables	
Amounts due for shared government services				
Governmental Fund				
General	\$	3,814	\$	-
Proprietary Fund				
Stormwater utility district		-		3,814
Subtotal	\$	3,814	\$	3,814

#### D. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations of the Town for the year ended December 31, 2021:

	Beginning Balance	Issued	Retired	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities: Direct borrowings: General Obligation Debt					
State trust fund loans	\$ 355,231	\$ -	\$ 104,744	\$ 250,487	\$ 96,214

The Town's outstanding state trust fund loans from direct borrowings of \$250,487 contain a provision that in an event of default, the Board of Commissioners of Public Lands may use any remedies available under the law and is required under Wisconsin Statute Section 24.70(6) to intercept any state payments that may be otherwise due by the Borrower.

Total interest paid during the year on long-term debt totaled \$4,874.

#### **General Obligation Debt**

General obligation direct borrowings outstanding on December 31, 2021 is detailed as follows:

	Date of <u>Issue</u>	Final <u>Maturity</u>	Interest Rates	Original <u>Indebtedness</u>	Balance 12/31/21
State trust fund loan (park shelter)	8/27/20	3/15/25	2.50%	\$ 208,000	\$ 166,571
State trust fund Ioan (fire truck)	8/31/20	3/15/22	2.50%	57,871	54,954
State trust fund loan (sewer assessment)	8/31/20	3/15/23	2.50%	82,360	28,962
Total outstanding general obligation debt					\$ 250,487

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2021

Annual principal and interest maturities of the outstanding general obligation debt of \$250,487 on December 31, 2021 are detailed below:

	Governmental Activities				
Year Ended	irect borrow	ings -	general ob	ligati	on notes
December 31,	Principal Interest Total				
2022	\$ 96,214	\$	6,262	\$	102,476
2023	68,934		3,857		72,791
2024	42,140		2,139		44,279
2025	43,199		1,080		44,279
	\$ 250,487	\$	13,338	\$	263,825

#### Legal Margin for New Debt

The Town's legal margin for creation of additional general obligation debt on December 31, 2021 was \$25,210,948 as follows:

Equalized valuation of the Town	\$ 509,228,700
Statutory limitation percentage	(x) 5%
General obligation debt limitation, per Section 67.03 of the	_
Wisconsin Statutes	25,461,435
Total outstanding general obligation debt applicable to debt limitation	250,487
Legal margin for new debt	\$ 25,210,948

#### E. PENSION PLAN

As disclosed in Note 1.c, the Town financial statements are reported on the modified cash basis of accounting. As a result, the following disclosure related to the Town's participation in the Wisconsin Retirement System is for informational purposes only and the related net pension asset, deferred outflows and deferred inflows are disclosed but not reported on the face of the financial statements.

#### 1. Plan Description

The WRS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan. WRS benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Benefit terms may only be modified by the legislature. The retirement system is administered by the Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF). The system provides coverage to all eligible State of Wisconsin, local government and other public employees. All employees, initially employed by a participating WRS employer on or after July 1, 2011, expected to work at least 1200 hours a year (880 hours for teachers and school district educational support employees) and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire are eligible to participate in the WRS.

ETF issues a standalone Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), which can be found at http://etf.wi.gov/publications/cafr.htm.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2021

For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and on or after April 24, 1998, and prior to July 1, 2011, are immediately vested. Participants who initially became WRS eligible on or after July 1, 2011, must have five years of creditable service to be vested.

Employees who retire at or after age 65 (54 for protective occupations and 62 for elected officials and executive service retirement plan participants, if hired on or before December 31, 2016) are entitled to a retirement benefit based on a formula factor, their final average earnings, and creditable service.

Final average earnings is the average of the participant's three highest earnings periods. Creditable service includes current service and prior service for which a participant received earnings and made contributions as required. Creditable service also includes creditable military service. The retirement benefit will be calculated as a money purchase benefit based on the employee's contributions plus matching employer's contributions, with interest, if that benefit is higher than the formula benefit.

Vested participants may retire at or after age 55 (50 for protective occupations) and receive an actuarially-reduced benefit. Participants terminating covered employment prior to eligibility for an annuity may either receive employee-required contributions plus interest as a separation benefit or leave contributions on deposit and defer application until eligible to receive a retirement benefit.

The WRS also provides death and disability benefits for employees.

#### 2. Post-Retirement Adjustments

The Employee Trust Funds Board may periodically adjust annuity payments from the retirement system based on annual investment performance in accordance with s. 40.27, Wis. Stat. An increase (or decrease) in annuity payments may result when investment gains (losses), together with other actuarial experience factors, create a surplus (shortfall) in the reserves, as determined by the system's consulting actuary. Annuity increases are not based on cost of living or other similar factors. For Core annuities, decreases may be applied only to previously granted increases. By law, Core annuities cannot be reduced to an amount below the original, guaranteed amount (the "floor") set at retirement. The Core and Variable annuity adjustments granted during recent years are as follows:

Year	Core Fund Adjustment (%)	Variable Fund Adjustment (%)
2011	(1.2)	11
2012	(7.0)	(7)
2013	(9.6)	9
2014	4.7	25
2015	2.9	2
2016	0.5	(5)
2017	2.0	4
2018	2.4	17
2019	0.0	(10)
2020	1.7	21

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2021

#### 3. Contributions

Required contributions are determined by an annual actuarial valuation in accordance with Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The employee required contribution is one-half of the actuarially determined contribution rate for general category employees, including teachers, Executives and Elected Officials. Starting on January 1, 2016, the Executives and Elected Officials category was merged into the General Employee Category. Required contributions for protective employees are the same rate as general employees. Employers are required to contribute the remainder of the actuarially determined contribution rate. The employer may not pay the employee required contribution unless provided for by an existing collective bargaining agreement.

During the year ending December 31, 2021, the WRS recognized \$4,083 in contributions from the Town.

Contribution rates for the reporting period are:

Employee Category	Employee	Employer
General (including teachers, executives and elected officials)	6.75%	6.75%
Protective with Social Security	6.75%	11.75%
Protective without Social Security	6.75%	16.35%

### 4. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2021, the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset of \$18,520. The net pension asset was measured as of December 31, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019 rolled forward to December 31, 2020. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The Town's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the Town's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2020, the Town's proportion was 0.00029666%, which was a decrease of 0.00001193% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2019. Because the Town's basic financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, the net pension liability is not reported as a liability in the statement of net position.

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the Town recognized pension revenue of \$2,794.

At December 31, 2021, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Differences between expected and actual Net differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	
Changes in assumptions	
Changes in proportion and differences be employer contributions and proportionat of contributions	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	
Total	

d Outflows sources	rred Inflows Resources
\$ 26,804	\$ 5,773
420	34,771 -
13	782
4,083	 -
\$ 31.320	\$ 41.326

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2021

\$4,083 reported as deferred outflows related to pension resulting from the Town's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension asset in the year ended December 31, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	
December 31,	 Expense
2022	\$ (4,067)
2023	(986)
2024	(6,347)
2025	(2,689)
Total	\$ (14,089)

#### 5. Actuarial Assumptions

Post-retirement adjustments\*

The total pension asset in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial valuation date: December 31, 2019 Measurement date of net pension liability (asset): December 31, 2020 Actuarial cost method: Entry Age Normal Asset valuation method: Fair Value Long-term expected rate of return: 7.0% 7.0% Discount rate: Salary increases: Inflation 3.0% Seniority/Merit 0.1% - 5.6% Mortality Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table

\* No post-retirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actuarial experience and other factors. 1.9% is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return

assumption and the post-retirement discount rate.

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2018 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2015 to December 31, 2017. The Total Pension Liability for December 31, 2020 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2021

Long-term Expected Return on Plan Assets. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Agget	Long-term	Long-term
	Asset Allocation %	Expected Nominal Rate of Return %	Expected Real Rate of Return %
Core Fund Asset Class	Allocation 76	Nate of Return 70	Nate of Return 70
Global equities	51%	7.2%	4.7%
Fixed income	25.0%	3.2%	0.8%
Inflation sensitive assets	16.0%	2.0%	-0.4%
Real estate	8%	5.6%	3.1%
Private equity/debt	11%	10.2%	7.6%
Multi-asset	4%	5.8%	3.3%
Cash	-15%	0.9%	N/A
Total Core Fund	100%	6.6%	4.1%
Variable Fund Asset Class			
U.S. equities	70%	6.6%	4.1%
International equities	30%	7.4%	4.9%
Total Variable Fund	100%	7.1%	4.6%

New England Pension Consultants Long Term US CPI (Inflation) Forecast: 2.4%

Asset Allocations are managed within established ranges, target percentages may differ from actual monthly allocations

Single Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 7.00% was used to measure the total pension liability for the current and prior year. This single discount rate is based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00% and a municipal bond rate of 2.00% (Source: Fixed-income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of December 31, 2020. In describing this index, Fidelity notes that the Municipal Curves are constructed using option-adjusted analytics of a diverse population of over 10,000 tax-exempt securities.). Because of the unique structure of WRS, the 7.00% expected rate of return implies that a dividend of approximately 1.9% will always be paid. For purposes of the single discount rate, it was assumed that the dividend would always be paid. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan members contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments (including expected dividends) of current plan members.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2021

Sensitivity of the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

	1% E	ecrease to		Current	1%	Increase to
	Discount Rate		Discount Rate		Discount Rate	
	(6.00%)		(7.00%)		(8.00%)	
Town's proportionate share of				_		
the net pension liability (asset)	\$	17,629	\$	(18,520)	\$	(45,072)

**Pension plan fiduciary net position.** Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements available at http://etf.wi.gov/publications/cafr.htm.

#### 6. Payables to the Pension Plan

At December 31, 2021, the Town had no payable for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan for the year ended December 31, 2021.

#### F. DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PENSION PLAN

The Town contributes to the Service Award Program (SAP), a defined contribution pension plan, for its volunteer firefighters, first responders and emergency medical technicians. SAP is administered by Volunteer Fireman's Insurance Services.

The Town determines annually the amount it will contribute on behalf of each individual in the program. Participants are fully vested to receive a service award once he or she attains 15 years of service for a municipality and paid a service award upon reaching age of 60. A participant who has discontinued providing eligible service after performing a minimum 10 years of service shall be partially vested and may elect to receive a partial service award at any time after reaching age 53. Nonvested accounts are forfeited if the individual ceases to perform creditable service for a period of 12 months or more and distributed equally among all other open accounts sponsored by the participating municipality at the time of the forfeiture.

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the Town contributed \$12,137 to the plan, and the Town recognized pension expense of \$12,137.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2021

#### **G. FUND EQUITY**

#### **Restricted Fund Balance**

In the fund financial statements, portions of general fund balance are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted for use for a specific purpose. At December 31, 2021, restricted fund balance was as follows:

\$

5,510

25,242

General Fund

Restricted for Park expenditures

Park expenditures
Fire department expenditures

Total <u>\$ 30,752</u>

#### Committed Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, portions of general fund balance are committed by Town Board action. At December 31, 2021, General Fund balance was committed as follows:

General Fund Committed for

Tuller Road improvements

\$ 30,508

#### **NOTE 4: OTHER INFORMATION**

#### A. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries commercial insurance. The Town completes an annual review of its insurance coverage to ensure adequate coverage. Payment of premiums for these policies are recorded as expenses of the Town. Insurance settlements have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three years.

#### **B. CONTINGENCIES**

From time to time, the Town is party to other various pending claims and legal proceedings. Although the outcome of such matters cannot be forecast with certainty, it is the opinion of management that the likelihood is remote that any such claims or proceedings will have a material adverse effect on the Town's financial position or results of operations.

### OTHER INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) WISCONSIN RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST 10 MEASUREMENT PERIODS

Measurement Period Ending	Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Shar Net	ortionate e of the Pension ty (Asset)	Cove	red Payroll	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability (Asset)
12/31/14	0.00012617%	\$	(3,099)	\$	555	558.38%	102.74%
12/31/15	0.00006890%		1,120		-	0.00%	98.20%
12/31/16	0.00014708%		1,212		42,495	2.85%	99.12%
12/31/17	0.00030886%		(9,170)		47,475	19.32%	102.93%
12/31/18	0.00030805%		10,959		47,610	23.02%	96.45%
12/31/19	0.00030859%		(9,950)		47,520	20.94%	102.96%
12/31/20	0.00029666%		(18,250)		47,520	38.97%	105.26%
SCHEDULE OF CO WISCONSIN RETIF LAST 10 FISCAL YE	REMENT SYSTEM						

Fiscal Year Ending	Re	tractually equired tributions	Relati Cont Re	butions in on to the ractually quired ributions	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		vered Payroll fiscal year)	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
12/31/15	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	0.00%
12/31/16		2,805		2,805		-	42,495	6.60%
12/31/17		3,228		3,228		-	47,475	6.80%
12/31/18		3,189		3,189		-	47,610	6.70%
12/31/19		3,113		3,113		-	47,520	6.55%
12/31/20		3,208		3,208		-	47,520	6.75%
12/31/21		4,083		4,083		-	60,495	6.75%

#### NOTES TO OTHER INFORMATION

There were no changes of benefit terms or assumptions for any participating employer in the WRS.

The amounts reported for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end that occurred within the prior fiscal year. The Town is required to present the last 10 fiscal years of data; however, accounting standards allow the presentation of as many years as are available until 10 fiscal years are presented.

### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GENERAL FUND
SCHEDULE OF BUDGETED AND ACTUAL REVENUES COLLECTED - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021
WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	P	la d		Variance Final Budget -	2020	
	Original	lget Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)	2020 Actual	
Taxes Property taxes Forest crop and MFL Other taxes Total taxes	\$ 494,708 - 200 494,908	\$ 494,708 - 200 494,908	\$ 494,708 430 1,520 496,658	\$ - 430 1,320 1,750	\$ 450,180 449 981 455,832	
Intergovernmental Federal Fire	-	-	889	889	1,410	
State State shared taxes Fire insurance dues Tax exempt computer aid Transportation Other highway aid Recycling grant State aid forest crop/MFL Other state payments Total intergovernmental	300,034 18,800 7,716 90,356 - 9,400 - 59,620 485,926	300,034 18,800 7,716 90,356 - 9,400 - 59,620 485,926	331,883 19,882 7,716 90,239 - 9,476 8 10,484 470,577	31,849 1,082 - (117) - 76 8 (49,136) (15,349)	294,294 18,829 7,716 86,535 14,114 9,424 8 73,170 509,553	
Licenses and permits Licenses Operators, cigarette and other licenses Dog Permits Building Zoning Total licenses and permits	25,965 1,600 20,300 400 48,265	25,965 1,600 20,300 400 48,265	23,159 1,460 23,947 995 49,561	(2,806) (140) 3,647 595 1,296	28,765 1,408 25,725 410 56,308	
Public charges for services General government Fire department Highway Garbage collection Weed control	1,500 400 1,600 200,496 64,782	1,500 400 1,600 200,496 64,782	5,480 - 3,463 201,151 65,600	3,980 (400) 1,863 655 818	5,598 7,628 3,328 199,930	
Total public charges for services Intergovernmental charges for services General government Fire	53,000	53,000 -	275,694 54,396 3,916	6,916 1,396 3,916	216,484 45,000 	
Total intergovernmental charges for services	53,000	53,000	58,312	5,312	45,000	
Miscellaneous Interest on investments Rent Sale of property and equipment Insurance recoveries Donations Other Total miscellaneous	12,000 20,178 - - - 4,000 36,178	12,000 20,178 - - - 4,000 36,178	7,614 23,145 - 24,497 53,535 108,791	(4,386) 2,967 - 24,497 49,535 72,613	15,413 18,326 732,045 1,267 39,464 - 806,515	
Total revenues collected	\$ 1,387,055	\$ 1,387,055	\$ 1,459,593	\$ 72,538	\$ 2,096,692	

GENERAL FUND
SCHEDULE OF BUDGETED AND ACTUAL EXPENDITURES PAID - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021
WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

						Final	ariance Budget -		
	Original	Budge	t Final	A		Positive (Negative)			2020 Actual
General government	Original		FIIIdi		Actual	(140	egative)	-	ACtual
Board	\$ 72,78	6 \$	72,786	\$	69,821	\$	2,965	\$	63,590
Legal	60,00		60,000	Ψ	33,168	4	26,832	4	72,928
Clerk/Treasurer	60,00		60,000		60,495		(495)		47,521
Deputy Clerk	27,30		27,300		18,322		8,978		22,610
Clerk/Treasurer supplies & expense	27,91		27,913		28,691		(778)		28,612
Elections	6,00		6,000		2,838		3,162		14,393
Assessor	16,40	0	16,400		16,234		166		43,332
Accounting & audit	9,03	0	9,030		8,977		53		8,550
Town hall	61,63	0	61,630		58,315		3,315		155,961
Insurance	24,20	0	24,200		23,129		1,071		23,800
Employee benefits	13,65	0	13,650		12,817		833		12,245
Other general government			_		_				64,602
Total general government	378,90	9	378,909		332,807		46,102		558,144
Public safety									
Fire protection	128,71		128,717		124,985		3,732		173,741
Rescue squad	9,40		9,400		6,706		2,694		10,195
Building inspection	23,96		23,969		21,904		2,065		25,219
Total public safety	162,08	6	162,086		153,595		8,491		209,155
Public works									
Highway maintenance	220,44		220,448		160,410		60,038		112,464
Highway construction	130,00		130,000		88,446		41,554		217,545
Street lighting	22,00		22,000		22,868		(868)		20,822
Refuse and garbage	146,00		146,000		146,171		(171)		142,738
Recycling	46,00		46,000		46,476		(476)		45,533
Weed and nuisance control	10	0	100		275		(175)		-
Razing expenses	56454	<u> </u>	-		11,014		(11,014)		67,478
Total public works	564,54	<u>8</u> _	564,548		475,660		88,888		606,580
Health and human services	20	0	200		120		00		405
Animal and insect control	20	<u> </u>	200		120		80		485
Culture and recreation	102.02	c	102.026		102 102		711		452 522
Parks	102,92		102,926		102,182		744		452,523
Parks outlay	6,50		6,500		7,139		(639)		29,814
Recreation facilities  Total culture and recreation	5,00 114,42		5,000 114,426		450 109,771		4,550 4,655		1,645 483,982
	114,42	<u> </u>	114,420		109,771		4,033		403,902
Conservation and development Wetland mitigation	3,50	0	3,500		5,438		(1,938)		4,980
Debt service									
Principal	104,74	4	104,744		104,744		-		195,550
Interest and fiscal charges	4,87	_	4,874		4,874		-		9,328
Total debt service	109,61	8	109,618		109,618				204,878
Total expenditures paid	\$ 1,333,28	7 \$	1,333,287	\$	1,187,009	\$	146,278	\$	2,068,204

# ADDITIONAL INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT FOR BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Town Board
Town of Neenah
Winnebago County, Wisconsin

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Town of Neenah (the Town), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 4, 2022.

#### Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Town's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Town's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Town's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as items 2021-001 and 2021-002 that we consider to be material weaknesses.



#### Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Town's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Town of Neenah's Response to Findings

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Government Auditing Standards require the auditor to preform limited procedures on the Town of Neenah's responses to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The Town's responses were not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Sheboygan, Wisconsin May 4, 2022

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

#### SECTION I. INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

FINDING NO.	CONTROL DEFICIENCIES
2021-001	Segregation of Duties - Clerk/Treasurer Repeat of Finding 2020-001 Material Weakness in Internal Control over Financial Reporting
Condition:	The Town has a combined clerk/treasurer position to essentially complete all financial and recordkeeping duties of the general Town's operations. Accordingly, this does not allow for a proper segregation of duties for internal control purposes.
Criteria or Specific Requirement:	Segregation of duties is an internal control intended to prevent or decrease the occurrence of errors or intentional fraud. Segregation of duties ensures that no single employee has control over all phases of a transaction.
Cause:	The lack of segregation of duties is due to the limited number of employees and the size of the Town's operations.
Effect:	Errors or intentional fraud could occur and not be detected timely by other employees in the normal course of their responsibilities as a result of the lack of segregation of duties.
Recommendation:	We recommend the Town Board continue to approve all bank transfers, review the monthly bank reconciliations and bank statements and monitor the transactions and the financial records of the Town.
Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Action:	The Town Board will continue to approve all bank transfers, review the monthly bank reconciliations and bank statements and monitor the transactions and the financial records of the Town.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

FINDING NO.	CONTROL DEFICIENCIES
2021-002	Preparation of Annual Financial Report Repeat of Finding 2020-002 Material Weakness in Internal Control over Financial Reporting
Condition:	Current Town staff maintains accounting records which reflect the Town's financial transactions; however, preparing the Town's annual financial report, including note disclosures, involves the selection and application of specific accounting principles which would require additional experience and knowledge. The Town contracts with us and our knowledge of applicable accounting principles, financial statement format, and note disclosures to assist in the preparation of the annual financial report in an efficient manner. However, as independent auditors, CLA cannot be considered part of the Town's internal control system. As part of its internal control over preparation of its financial statements, including disclosures, the Town had implemented a comprehensive review procedure to ensure that the financial statements, including note disclosures, are complete and accurate.
Criteria or Specific Requirement:	The preparation and review of the annual financial report and municipal financial report by staff With expertise in financial reporting is an internal control intended to prevent, detect and correct a potential omission or misstatement in the financial statements or notes or other required state financial reports.
Cause:	Town management has determined that the additional costs associated with training staff to become experienced in applicable accounting principles and note disclosures outweigh the derived benefits.
Effect:	The Town may not be able to completely prepare an annual financial report in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting.
Recommendation:	We recommend the Town continue reviewing the annual financial report. Such review procedures should be performed by an individual possessing a thorough understanding of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and knowledge of the town's activities and operations. While it may not be cost beneficial to train additional staff to completely prepare the report, a thorough review of this information by appropriate staff of the Town is necessary to obtain a complete and adequate understanding of the Town's annual financial report.
Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Action:	Management will continue to review and approve the financial statements prior to issuance.